

Practice Question # 1

- The first term of an arithmetic sequence is 36 and the fifteenth term is -62. What is the common difference?

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_1 &= 36 & a_{15} &= -62 & d &=? \\
 -62 &= 36 + (15-1) \cdot d \\
 -98 &= 14d \\
 \frac{-98}{14} &= \frac{14d}{14} & \boxed{d = -7}
 \end{aligned}$$

Practice Question # 2

- What is the sum for a geometric series $5 + 15 + 45 + \dots$ up to 13 terms? $S_{13} = ?$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_1 &= 5 & r &= \frac{15}{5} = 3 & n &= 13 \\
 S_{13} &= \frac{5(1-3^{13})}{(1-3)} \\
 &= \boxed{3,985,805}
 \end{aligned}$$

Practice Question # 3

- Each year, students at Upton Academy must select class presidents, vice-presidents, and secretaries. If the junior class has 37 students, how many different winning slates are possible?

$$37 P_3 = \boxed{46,620 \text{ slates}}$$

Practice Question # 4

- What is the probability of drawing a five and a club from a standard deck of cards? (understood no replacement)

$$\text{multiply } \frac{4}{52} \cdot \frac{13}{51} = \frac{52}{2652} = \boxed{2\%}$$

- What is the probability of drawing a King or a red card from a standard deck of cards?

$$\frac{4}{52} + \frac{26}{52} - \frac{2}{52} = \frac{28}{52} = \boxed{53.8\%}$$

Practice Question # 5

- Billy typically makes 68% of his free-throw shots. If he shoots 5-free throws, what is the probability that he will get at least 4 of them? $P(4) + P(5) \rightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &5C_4 (.68)^4 (.32)^1 \\
 &+ 5C_5 (.68)^5 (.32)^0 \\
 &= \boxed{48.7\%}
 \end{aligned}$$

Practice Question # 6

- Mr. Francis teaches two small Algebra 1 classes. Below are his classes' scores on their last test:

1st Period: {78, 95, 83, 80, 90, 72, 45, 67, 94, 89} $\rightarrow \bar{x} = 79.3$

2nd Period: {63, 87, 82, 91, 54, 74, 85, 94, 97, 81} $\rightarrow \bar{x} = 80.8$

What is the **difference** between the means of the classes' scores?

$$80.8 - 79.3 = \boxed{1.5}$$

Practice Question # 7

- Solve for x:

a.) $4e^{x+3} - 6 = 26$
 $\frac{4e^{x+3}}{4} = \frac{32}{4}$
 $e^{x+3} = 8$
 $x+3 = \ln(8)$
 $x = -1 - 3$
 $x = -4$

b.) $\log_2(\ln x + 4) = 3$
 $2^3 = \ln x + 4$
 $8 = \ln x + 4$
 $4 = \ln x$
 $e^4 = x$
 $x = e^4$

$x = -4.2056$

$x = 54.5962$

Practice Question # 8

- Given the function: $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x-5 & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ 4-3x^2 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$

Find: $f(4) + 2f(-3) - 5f(1)$

$f(4) = 4 - 3(4)^2 = -44$

$f(-3) = 2(-3) - 5 = -11$

$f(1) = 2(1) - 5 = -3$

$\Rightarrow -44 + 2(-11) - 5(-3)$
 $= -57$

Practice Question # 9

- A power function contains the points (4, 8) and (6, 10).

What is the value of y when x = 15?

| X | Y |
|---|----|
| 4 | 8 |
| 6 | 10 |

regression equation \Rightarrow

$y = 3.730374746(x)^{.5503397132}$

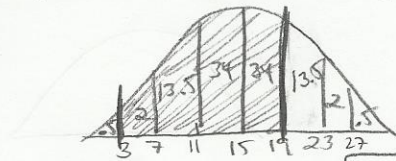
$x = 15$ } table

$y = ?$

$y = 16.6$

Practice Question # 10

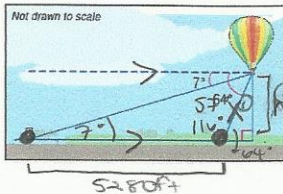
- The shelf life of a particular dairy product is normally distributed with a mean of 15 days and a standard deviation of 4 days. What percent of the products lasts between 3 and 19 days?



$2 + 13.5 + 34 + 34 = 83.5\%$

Practice Question # 11

- A hot-air balloon crosses over a straight portion of interstate, its pilot eyes two consecutive mile posts on the same side of the balloon. How high is the balloon?



① $\frac{5280}{\sin 57} = \frac{x}{\sin 7}$

$x = 767.3$

② $\sin 64 = \frac{h}{767.3}$

$h = 767.3 \sin 64$
 $h = 685.6 \text{ ft}$

Practice Question # 12

- Ships and airplanes measure distance in nautical miles. The formula $1 \text{ nautical mile} = 6077 - 25 \cos(2\theta)$ is given where θ = latitude line in degrees. What is the degree of latitude if a ship is 6,061.5 nautical miles from this latitude line?

$6061.5 = 6077 - 25 \cos(2\theta)$

$-15.5 = -25 \cos(2\theta)$

$\frac{-15.5}{-25} = \frac{-25 \cos(2\theta)}{-25}$

$.62 = \cos(2\theta)$

$\cos^{-1}(.62) = 2\theta$

$\theta = 25.8^\circ$